

Blaby District Local Plan

Local Development Scheme

April 2026

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Introduction

- 1.1 Planning law requires that planning applications must be determined in accordance with the statutory development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.
- 1.2 Local planning authorities must prepare an up-to-date Local Plan for their area. To keep local communities and other stakeholders informed they must also prepare, maintain and publicise an up-to-date timetable for producing a Local Plan. This information is contained within the Local Development Scheme (LDS).
- 1.3 The LDS must specify, amongst other things:
 - The documents that will be prepared to form the statutory development plan;
 - What will be included in each document and the geographic area to which it relates;
 - Whether the documents are to be prepared jointly with one or more other local planning authorities; and
 - The timetable for the preparation and revision of documents.
- 1.4 The Local Development Scheme sets out the timetable for replacing the Local Plan Core Strategy (2013) and Delivery DPD (2019).

The Blaby District Local Development Scheme

- 2.1 Local Planning Authorities must prepare an up-to-date Local Plan for their area and maintain a Local Development Scheme (LDS).
- 2.2 The LDS is a public statement of the Council's intentions in terms of preparing a new Local Plan. It helps local communities and other interested parties to keep track of progress.
- 2.3 This LDS covers the period up to 2027 and replaces the version approved in February 2025.
- 2.4 It is not necessary for the Council to include documents such as Neighbourhood Development Plans in the LDS as the responsibility for preparing these rests with the local community.
- 2.5 The LDS will be subject to annual monitoring. The Authority Monitoring Report (AMR) will assess whether the milestones set out in the LDS are being met. This will inform whether any further review of the LDS is required.

The Current Development Plan

- 3.1 The current Development Plan includes the Local Plan, Minerals and Waste Local Plan and Neighbourhood Plans for the area. In Blaby District, this currently includes:
- Blaby District Local Plan Core Strategy (2013);
 - Blaby District Local Plan Delivery Development Plan Document (DPD) (2019);
 - Leicestershire Minerals and Waste Local Plan up to 2031 (2019);
 - Blaby Neighbourhood Plan (2018)
 - Cosby Neighbourhood Plan (2022)
 - Leicester Forest East Neighbourhood Plan (2022)
 - Glenfield Neighbourhood Plan (2023)
 - Fosse Villages Neighbourhood Plan (2024)
- 3.2 The current Blaby Local Plan consists of the Core Strategy (2013) and the Delivery Development Plan Document (2019). The Core Strategy includes the vision, strategic objectives and core policies of the Local Plan. The Delivery DPD, was adopted in 2019 and includes site allocations and development management policies. The Local Plan is accompanied by a Policies Map which illustrates the policies and proposals of the Core Strategy and Delivery DPD.
- 3.3 The Minerals and Waste Local Plans are the responsibility of Leicestershire County Council. The Leicestershire Minerals and Waste Local Plan up to 2031 was adopted in 2019.
- 3.4 The following Supplementary Planning Documents (SPD) are currently relevant for the District:
- Planning Obligations and Developer Contributions SPD (November 2024)
 - Housing Mix and Affordable Housing SPD (July 2013)
- 3.5 Neighbourhood Plans were introduced by the Localism Act 2011. Neighbourhood planning gives communities direct power to develop a shared vision for their neighbourhood and shape the development and growth of their

local area. Neighbourhood Plans form part of the development plan for the area.

- 3.6 At February 2025, a total of five Neighbourhood Plans were 'made' in the District of Blaby. One remaining group is continuing to produce a Neighbourhood Plan for Elmesthorpe.

Updating the LDS

- 4.1 Plan making is in a period of significant transition which has significantly impacting Plan Making for Blaby District Council. In March 2026 the Government laid new regulations which bring into effect the Levelling Up and Regeneration Act 2023. The regulations underpin the deadline of 31 December 2026 to submit local plans for examination under the existing ("legacy") planning system, as the government transitions to a new, faster plan-making framework. If Local Plans are not submitted by this date, then Local Planning Authorities must restart the plan making process under this new system. The Submission milestone for the Local Pla reflect this timescale.
- 4.2 The new system, introduces a 30-month plan making to speed up the plan making process. This will include a series of gateways, digital-first process, will be fully in force from 25 March 2026, with both systems running in parallel throughout 2026.
- 4.3 The timeline for the new local plan has been updated to allow for key transport evidence work to be completed in order to better understand the impact of the plan on transport across the District and beyond. This will help us ensure the plan is as robust as possible and provides for future public transport and active travel needs. The LDS has therefore been updated to reflect what impact this has on the timeline of the Local Plan.
- 4.4 The Local Plan timeline has also been impacted due to changes to the Standard Method set out in the December 2024 update to the NPPF. The changes came into place effective immediately following the NPPF update. This meant changes to the overall housing requirements for the Leicester & Leicestershire Housing Market Area and significantly altered distribution by removing the previously set 35% urban uplift for Leicester City. This reduced Leicester City's Local Housing Need while increasing it in most other districts. For Blaby District, the Housing Need target figure rose from 341 to 539 dwellings per annum. The Statement of Common Ground signed by Council included apportioned unmet need from Leicester City.

- 4.5 There has also been the introduction of ‘Spatial Development Strategies’ (SDS) for combined authorities which are intended to promote strategic planning and to guide sustainable growth and address key cross boundary spatial matters.

Supporting Statement

- 5.1 This statement explains the context for preparing the Local Plan as set out in the LDS. It also explains how the Council will manage resources during the preparation and assesses risks to the production of the Local Plan.

District Profile

- 5.2 The District of Blaby measures approximately 50 square miles in area and contains a population of 103,271 people (NOMIS 2021). The District contains both rural areas (mainly to the south of the District) and more urban areas to the north including a number of large villages, which are part of the Principal Urban Area of Leicester. The District has only one town centre (Blaby) but hosts a large out of town retail facility (Fosse Park) which attracts visitors from the wider region.

Links to Other Strategies and Plans

- 5.3 When preparing the new Local Plan, internal and external plans and strategies with spatial implications for the District will be taken into account. This will ensure the strategic priorities contained in those plans and strategies, relating to the use and development of land within the District of Blaby, are integrated into the Local Plan. Figure 1 identifies the main documents that will be considered when preparing the new Local Plan.

Figure 1 – Links to Other Plans and Strategies



Joint Working

5.4 The Duty to Cooperate (DtC) is a legal requirement introduced under the Localism Act 2011 (amending the Planning & Compulsory Purchase Act 2004) requiring local planning authorities to ‘engage constructively, actively, and on an ongoing basis in any process’ on strategic, cross-boundary matters. It aims to ensure effective planning on issues spanning across administrative boundaries—such as housing, infrastructure, and transport.

The Government has confirmed as of 25 March, 2026, the statutory Duty to Cooperate (DtC), introduced by the Localism Act 2011, is abolished for local plans in England. This includes the Blaby District Local Plan.

5.5 Notwithstanding this, the Government has been clear the need for plan making authorities to continue to maintain collaboration, in particular with neighbouring plan making authorities, on meeting unmet development needs. This is something the examination Inspector will consider through the tests of soundness.

Discussions have been ongoing with other Leicester and Leicestershire Local Planning Authorities and a number of joint studies have been prepared. Effective mechanisms are in place in Leicester and Leicestershire to work on strategic cross boundary planning matters. An officer and member structure is in place and the authorities in Leicester and Leicestershire have prepared a Strategic Growth Plan to consider longer term planning up to 2050.

5.6 At present there are no plans to prepare any joint Local Plans with other Local Planning Authorities. However, the following Statements of Common Ground been approved by Council, as a written record of the progress made by, and agreement between, the authorities during the process of planning for strategic, cross-boundary matters:

- Leicester & Leicestershire Authorities - Statement of Common Ground relating to Housing Distribution following NPPF and new Standard Method published December 2024 (December 2025)
- Leicester & Leicestershire Statement of Common Ground Relating to Housing and Employment Land Needs, signed by Council 19 July 2023
- South Leicestershire Local Plan Making Statement of Comment Ground and Leicester & Leicestershire Authorities, signed by council 14 December 2021
- Statement of Common Ground relating to Warehousing & Logistics Need signed by council 14 December 2021

Resources

5.7 The Development Strategy Team will have primary responsibility for preparing the Local Plan.

5.8 Consultants may be engaged on specific projects where there is a lack of expertise or capacity within the District Council.

Programme Management

5.9 The Local Plan process will be project managed by the Development Strategy Manager who will report on a regular basis to the Group Manager. The Council's Senior Leadership Team and the Portfolio Holder for 'Portfolio Holder for Planning & Strategic Growth' will be provided with progress reports as appropriate.

Council Decision-Making Procedures

5.10 The new Local Plan will be considered by appropriate Members at each stage. Full Council agreement will be required at Publication and Adoption stages.

Risk Assessment

5.11 An assessment has been carried out to identify factors which could impact on the delivery of the work programme set out in the LDS. The risks and actions to manage these risks are identified in Table 1.

Table 1 – Risks, Impacts and Management Actions

Risk Identified	Likelihood / Impact	Management Action
Programme slippage	Medium / high. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor progress and give priority to achieving the key milestones set out in the LDS.
Evidence gathering delays	Medium / high. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Local Plan relies on substantial evidence on a range of issues. • Provide resources and funding to complete evidence gathering.
Web accessibility/GIS	Medium/high	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementing service plan and transformation programme and working with support services to remove blockages
Changes in housing, employment, and other development requirements.	High. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor changes to LHN • Build in flexibility into Local Plan options for growth. • Early completions/reviews of the Statements of Common Ground with other HMA partners.
Substantial evidence requirements arising from Strategic Sites – including transport evidence, viability and deliverability (in terms of potential delivery of strategic infrastructure that relies on third parties).	High. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Early identification of key issues and appropriate evidence and exploration of mitigation and solution in relation to Strategic Sites and engagement with key partners (including infrastructure providers and site promoters). • Engage external technical support

Risk Identified	Likelihood / Impact	Management Action
Potential disconnect with emerging Neighbourhood Plans resulting in the two parts of the development plan diverging.	Medium / high. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Engage with Neighbourhood Plan Groups to seek alignment as far as practicable.
Changes to the planning system - legislation and/or Government policy including proposals for substantial change contained in the Levelling Up and Regeneration Act and emerging national Planning Reforms.	Medium / high. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitor Government statements to pre-empt legislation and policy changes. Take a flexible policy approach where appropriate.
Examination Process – Soundness of DPDs.	Low / medium. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with MHCLG and the Planning Inspectorate (PINS). Follow procedures set out in the Planning Acts, Regulations, NPPF and the Planning Practice Guidance. Legal support on legal tests
Local Government Reorganisation	Medium / high. Impact could be considerable.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise the potential of LGR in various workstreams and the impact on the emerging plan, but to continue to progress in line with national guidance and advice from Government.

Evidence Base

5.12 The Council will undertake and commission studies, both independently and in partnership, which will contribute to the ‘evidence base’ for its Local Plan. These will be made available on the Council’s website.

Monitoring

- 5.13 The Council monitors, on an annual basis, how effective the policies and proposals in the Local Plan are in terms of meeting the Local Plan objectives. An Authority Monitoring Report (AMR) is prepared for this purpose.
- 5.14 The AMR will also give information about whether the Council is meeting the milestones set out in the LDS for preparing the new Local Plan. As a result, it may become necessary to revise the LDS in the future.

Appendix A: Schedule of Local Plan Documents

Document Title	Status	Role and Content	Geographic Coverage	Conformity	Publication	Submission	Adoption
Local Plan	DPD	Vision, strategic objectives, Strategic policies and allocations, Non-strategic policies	District wide	National Planning Policy Framework, Planning Practice Guidance, Strategic Growth Plan	July/August 2026	December 2026	December 2027
Local Plan Policies Map	Legally required	Illustrates policies and proposals of Local Plan	District wide	Local Plan	As per timetable for Local Plan above.	As per timetable for Local Plan above.	As per timetable for Local Plan above.

Appendix B: Local Plan Document Profiles

B1: Profile Local Plan	
	Overview
Role and Content	<p>Vision and strategic objectives for the District</p> <p>Strategic policies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To set an overall strategy for the pattern, scale and quality of development • To make sufficient provision for housing, employment, retail, leisure, commercial uses, infrastructure and community facilities • To conserve and enhance the natural, built and historic environment. <p style="text-align: center;">Non-strategic policies for specific areas, types of development including allocating sites and design principles</p>
Geographic Coverage	<p>District wide*</p> <p>*Will not duplicate policies and proposals in made Neighbourhood Plans.</p>
Status	Development Plan Document
Conformity	General conformity with NPPF
	Timetable
Regulation 18 Consultation	January/February 2021
Publication of Local Plan	July/August 2026
Submission	December 2026
Examination hearings	April 2027
Adoption	December 2027

B1: Profile Local Plan	
	Arrangements for Production
Lead Section	Development Strategy Team
Project Manager	Development Strategy Manager
Management Arrangements	Appropriate Council members will consider the Local Plan at each stage. Council agreement is required at Publication and Adoption stages
Internal Resources	Planning and Strategic Growth, Environmental Health Service, Housing and Communications teams, Transformation, Senior Leadership Team
External Resources	Consultants will be appointed where necessary
External Stakeholder Resources	Technical advice from a range of external stakeholders, including highway authorities, utility and service providers, will inform the content of the Local Plan.
Approach to involving stakeholders and the community	Set out in Statement of Community Involvement
	Postproduction
Monitoring and Review	Authority Monitoring Report will monitor progress towards preparing the Local Plan as well as policies to guide whether a review is required.

B2: Profile Local Plan Policies Map	
	Overview
Role and Content	<p>Policies Map illustrates on an Ordnance Survey base all the policies and proposals set out in the Local Plan.</p> <p>Inset Maps, where required, illustrate policies and proposals for specific parts of the District or specific settlements.</p>
Geographic Coverage	District wide
Status	Legally required to support Local Plan
Conformity	General conformity with NPPF
Timetable	The Policies Map and any relevant inset maps will be revised as the Local Plan is prepared and so the timetable will be the same as the Local Plan.
	Arrangements for Production
Lead Section	Development Strategy Team
Project Manager	Development Strategy Manager
Management Arrangements	Appropriate Council members will consider the Policies Map at each stage. Council agreement is required at Publication and Adoption stages.
Internal Resources	Planning Department, Business Systems, Performance & Information Team, IT.
External Resources	External resources required to prepare an electronic version of the Policies Map for web use and web accessible Local Plan and supporting documents, including evidence. Also, it may be necessary to use external printing resources to prepare paper copies.
External Stakeholder Resources	Technical advice from a range of external stakeholders, including highway authorities, utility and service providers, will inform the content of the Local Plan, which will be reflected on the Policies Map.

B2: Profile Local Plan Policies Map	
Approach to involving stakeholders and the community	Set out in Statement of Community Involvement
Post Production	
Monitoring and Review	Authority Monitoring Report will monitor progress towards preparing the Local Plan as well as policies to guide whether a review is required. Policies Map will be updated when plans are reviewed and updated.

Appendix C: Detailed Programme Timetable

Local Plan	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026												2027												
						J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	
Evidence gathering	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■																						
Reg 18 Consult on draft version(s) of the Plan	■																													
Reg 19 & 20 Proposed Submission version												■	■																	
reg 22 - Submission of the Plan																	■													
Reg 23 & 24 - Examination*																				■										
Reg 25 - Inspector report*																											■			
Reg 26 - Adoption																													■	

Appendix D: Glossary

Authority Monitoring Report (AMR)

A report that reviews the Local Plan progress compared to the targets and milestones for Local Plan preparation set out in the LDS, as well as reviewing the effectiveness of policies within the Local Plan against targets set out in a monitoring framework.

Development Plan Document (DPD)

A Local Development Document that carries Development Plan status and is subject to procedures of community involvement, consultation and independent examination. It contains policies against which planning applications will be considered.

Local Development Documents (LDDs)

The set of documents which taken as a whole set out the development plan policies in force in the area.

Local Development Scheme (LDS)

The Local Development Scheme is a document which sets out the Local Planning Authority's programme to produce Local Development Documents.

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

The National Planning Policy Framework sets out Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied.

Planning Inspectorate (PINS)

The Planning Inspectorate is an agency of the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government. It deals with planning appeals, national infrastructure planning applications, examinations of local plans and other planning-related and specialist casework.

Planning Practice Guidance

The National Planning Practice Guidance adds further context to the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) on specific issues and is intended to be read in conjunction with the NPPF.

Policies Map

This will illustrate, on an Ordnance Survey Base Map, all the policies and proposals contained in the Local Plan. This document was previously known as the Proposals Map.

Standard Method

The standard method identifies the minimum number of homes that a local authority should plan for in an area. It is determined through a formula contained within the Planning Practice Guidance.

Statement of Community Involvement (SCI)

This statement tells communities how and when they can be involved in the preparation of Local Plans. It shows how the Local Planning Authority plans will engage with communities when preparing Local Development Documents. The document also covers community involvement in the determination of planning applications.

Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)

Assessment of the environmental impacts of the policies and proposals contained within the Local Plan. An SEA is required only when a plan is likely to have a significant environmental effect.

Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)

A Local Development Document that does not carry Development Plan status but elaborates on policies and proposals in Development Plan Documents.

Sustainability Appraisal (SA)

An SA must be carried out prior to plans being adopted. It involves an assessment of the social, economic and environmental implications of the plans and policies in the Local Plan to ensure that all decisions are made with the objective of sustainable development in mind. The SA can incorporate the requirements of the SEA.